

A simple question...

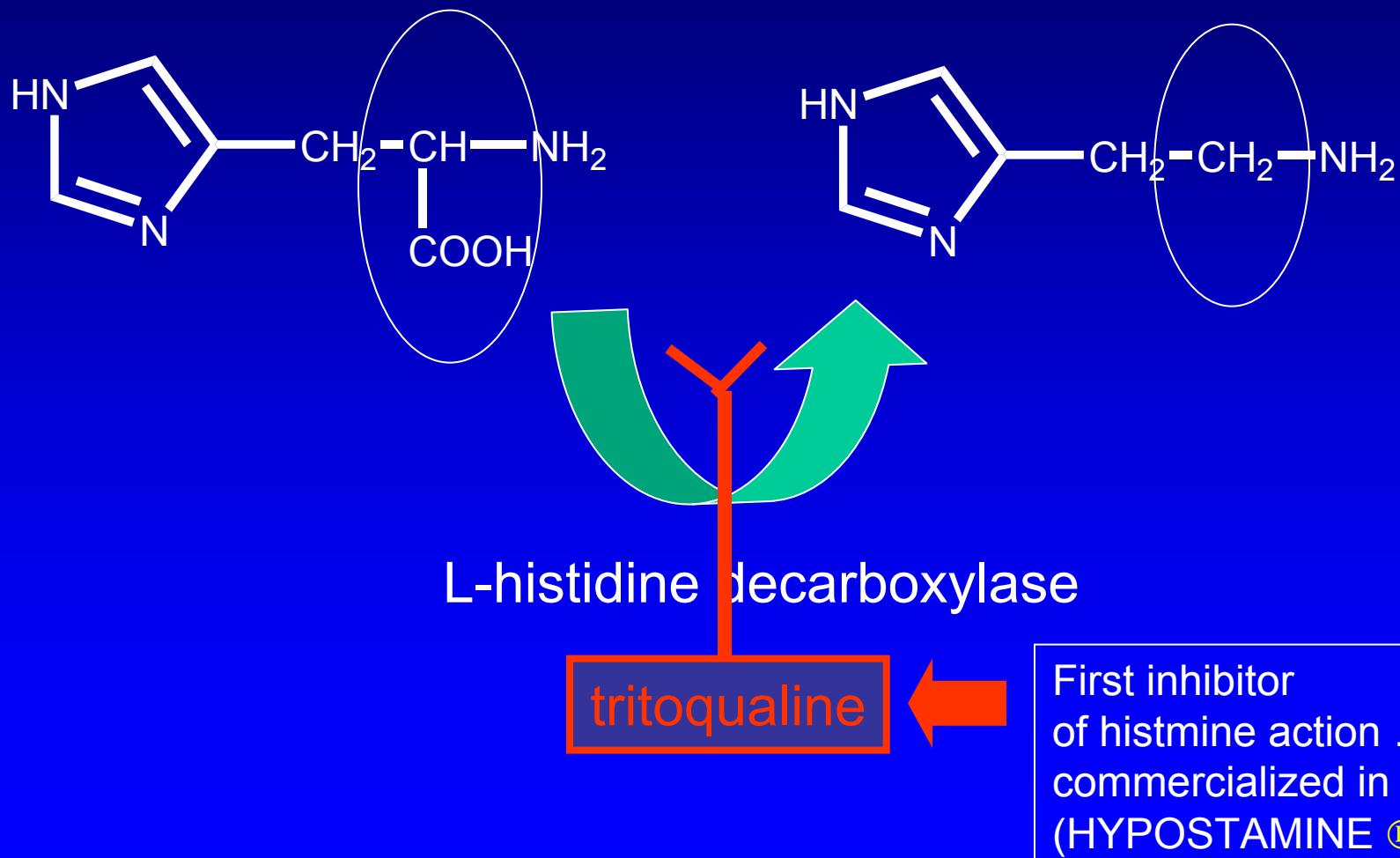
How was histamine discovered ?

- by chemical synthesis ...
- from the analysis of plant extracts
(ergot fungus *Claviceps purpurea*)
- from the analysis of animal tissues
extracts
- through none of these approaches

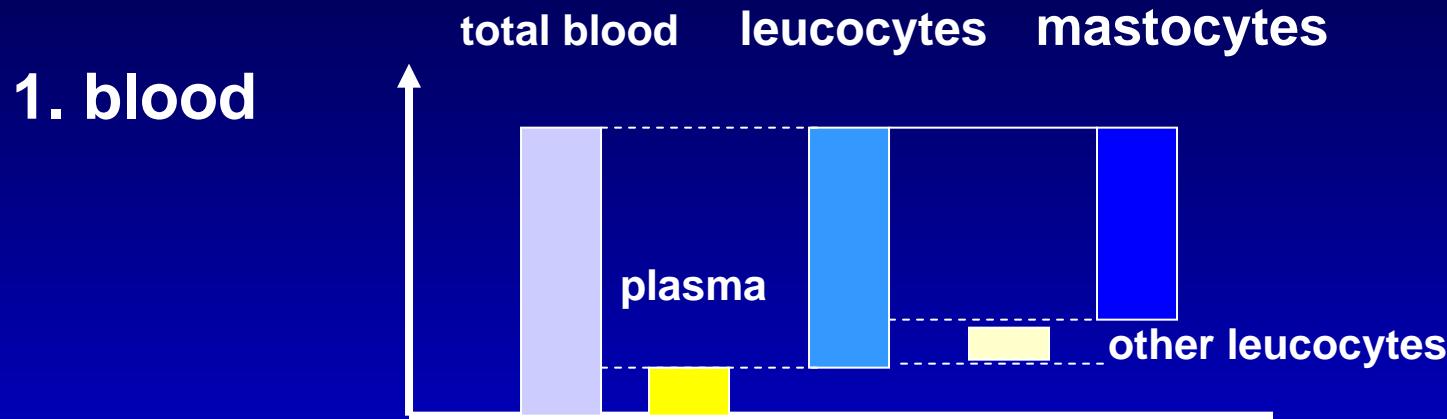
Histamine ...

- obtained by synthetic chemist in 1907 ...as a chemical curiosity ...
 - detection of an identical compound in an extract from ergot fungus ... and shown to cause a marked vasodilatation
 - a similar effect is seen with tissues extracts
 - produces a similar picture as a very severe allergic reaction
 - ➔ recognized as a "biological" molecule (and not a product from putrefaction in 1927 ...)

From histidine to histamine ...



Localization of histamine



2. tissues ... the word comes from $\iota\sigma\tauο\varsigma$ ("histos" = tissue !!)

- skin
- lung
- gastrointestinal tract
- central nervous system

Actions of histamine

- ↑ of capillary permeability and vasodilatation
 - rednesses
 - inflammation
- bronchoconstriction
 - important with the guinea-pig but under H₂ receptor antagonists in man
- ↑ of HCl secretion
 - (parietal cells of the stomach)
- neurotransmission
 - awakening reactions, tachycardia, hypertension
 - nausea, vomiting
 - migraines



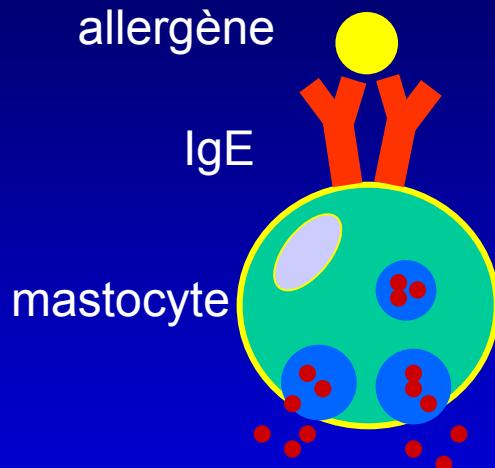
cutaneous signs



neurological and
comportmental signs

Rappel: les 4 types de réactions d'hypersensibilité

Réaction de type I anaphylactique



libération d'amines
vasoactives dont
l'histamine

- rhinite, conjonctivite, urticaire, asthme aigu, (bronchospasme), oedème
- délai: endéans les 30 min

Réaction de type II: cytotoxique

- médiée par les IgG et/ou les IgM
- action directe sur une cellule cible
- implique le complément
- lyse, phagocytose (anémie hémolytique, agranulocytose, thrombopénie)
- délai: 5-12h

Réaction de type III: formation de complexes immuns

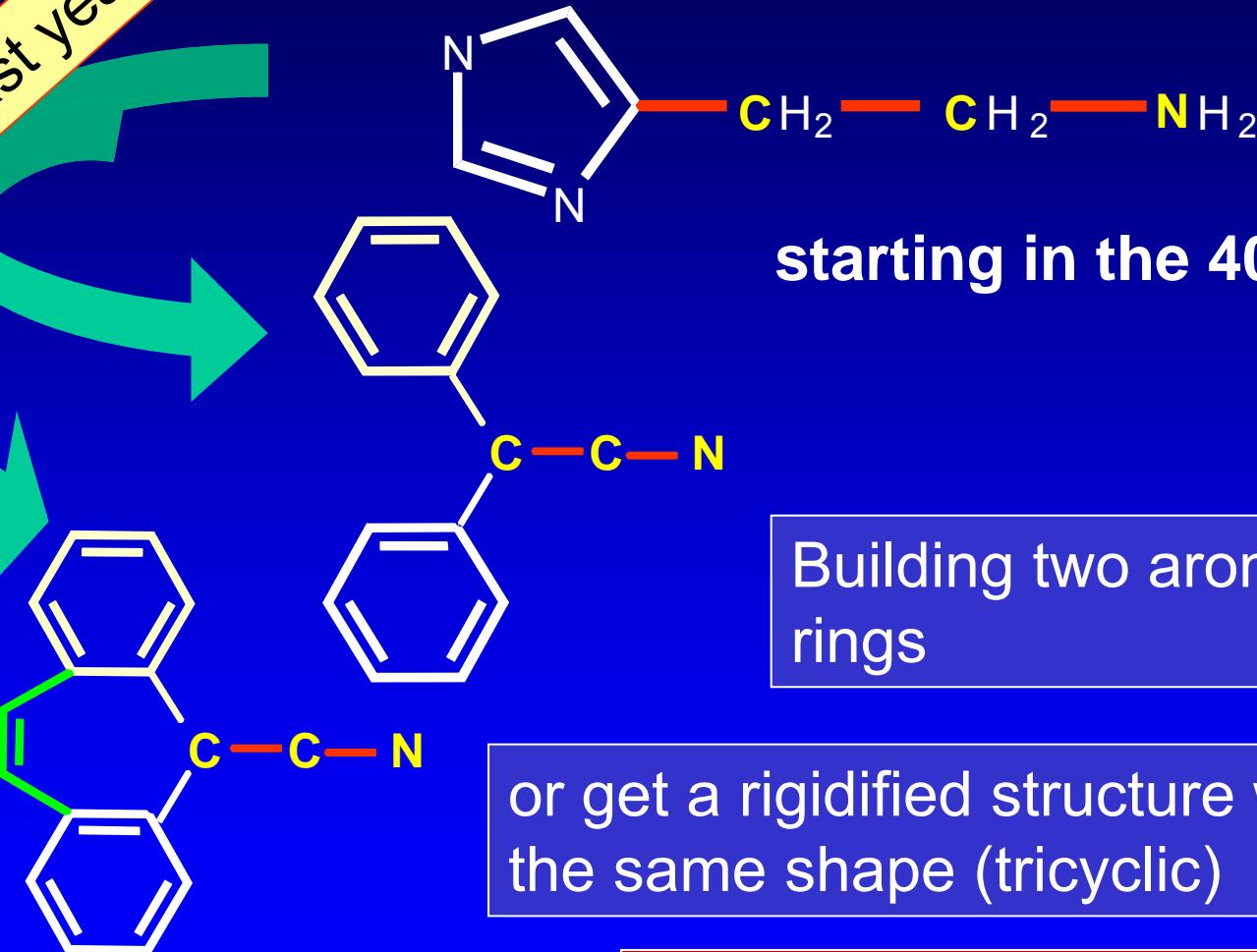
- dépôts dans les tissus avec réaction inflammatoire disséminée
- activation du complément et libération de toxines des leucocytes
- agrégation plaquetttaire, microthromboses...
- délai: 3-8h

Réaction de type IV : cellulaire

- activation directe des cellules T
- libération de cytokines et de TNF α
- induit typiquement des manifestations cutanées (dermatite de contact, exanthèmes, eczema, ...)
- délai: 24 à 48h

From histamine to anti-histamines ...

Seen last year!



starting in the 40s ...

Building two aromatic rings

or get a rigidified structure with
the same shape (tricyclic)

→ ALL H₁ antihistaminics

Rationalization through a deep understanding of the receptor

- H₁ receptor
 - CNS
 - périphérie
- H₂ receptor
 - stomach
 - lung
 - CNS
- H₃ receptor
 - CNS

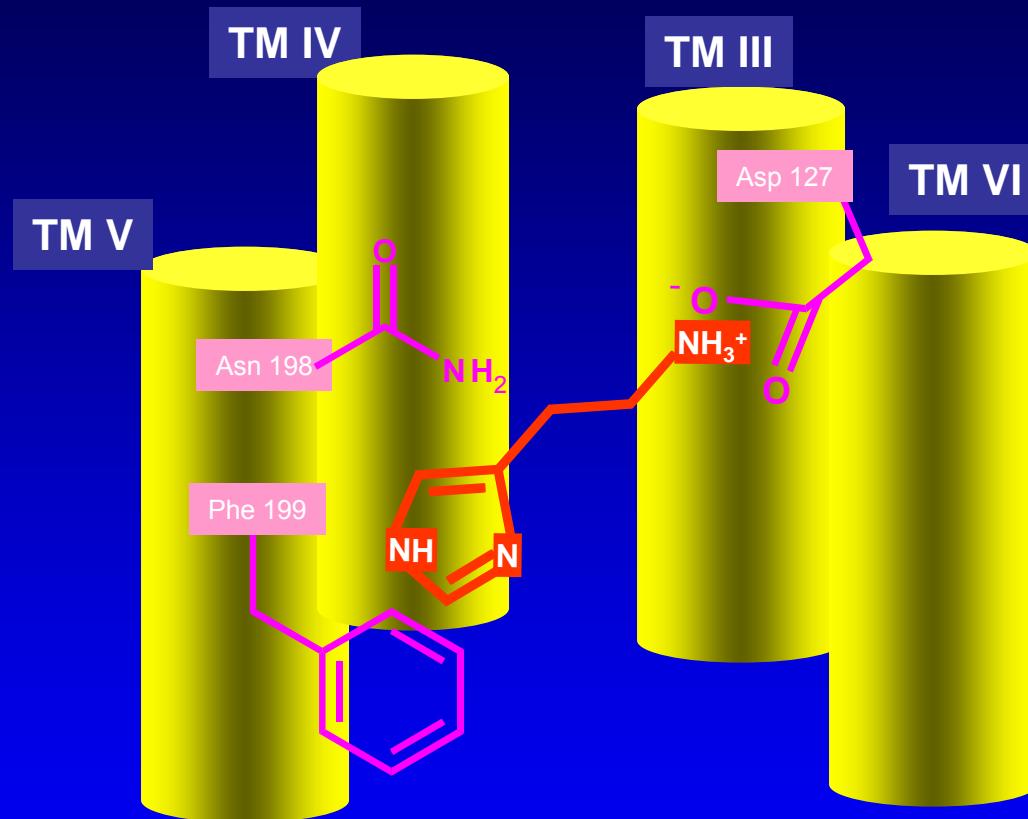


action mediated by
the phosphoinositides

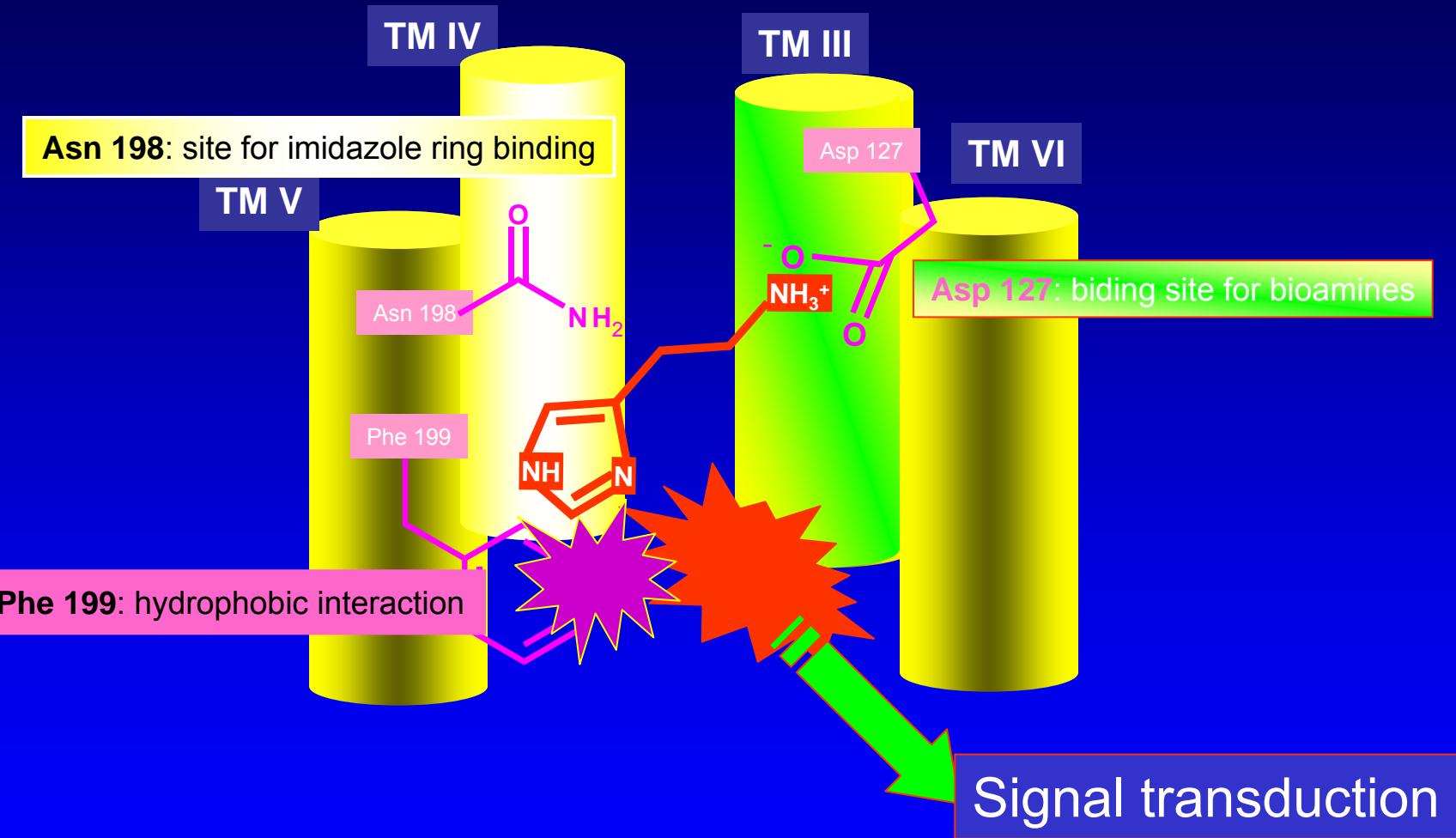


action mediated by
cyclic AMP

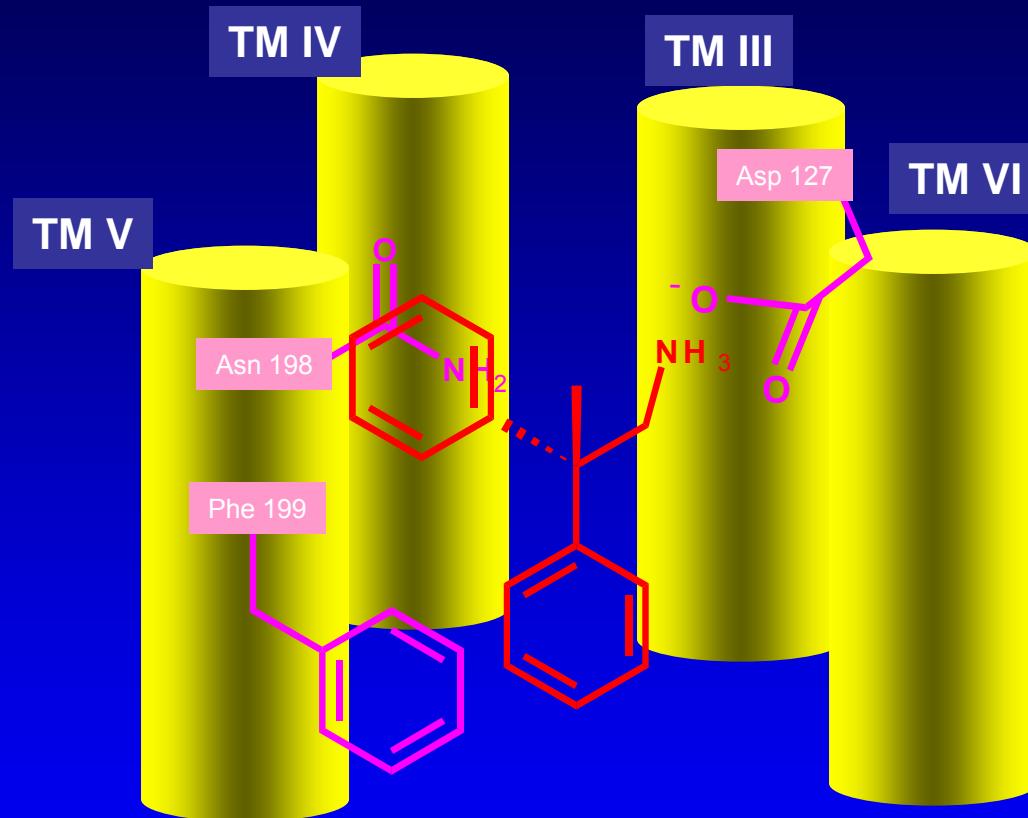
Binding of histamine to H1 receptor



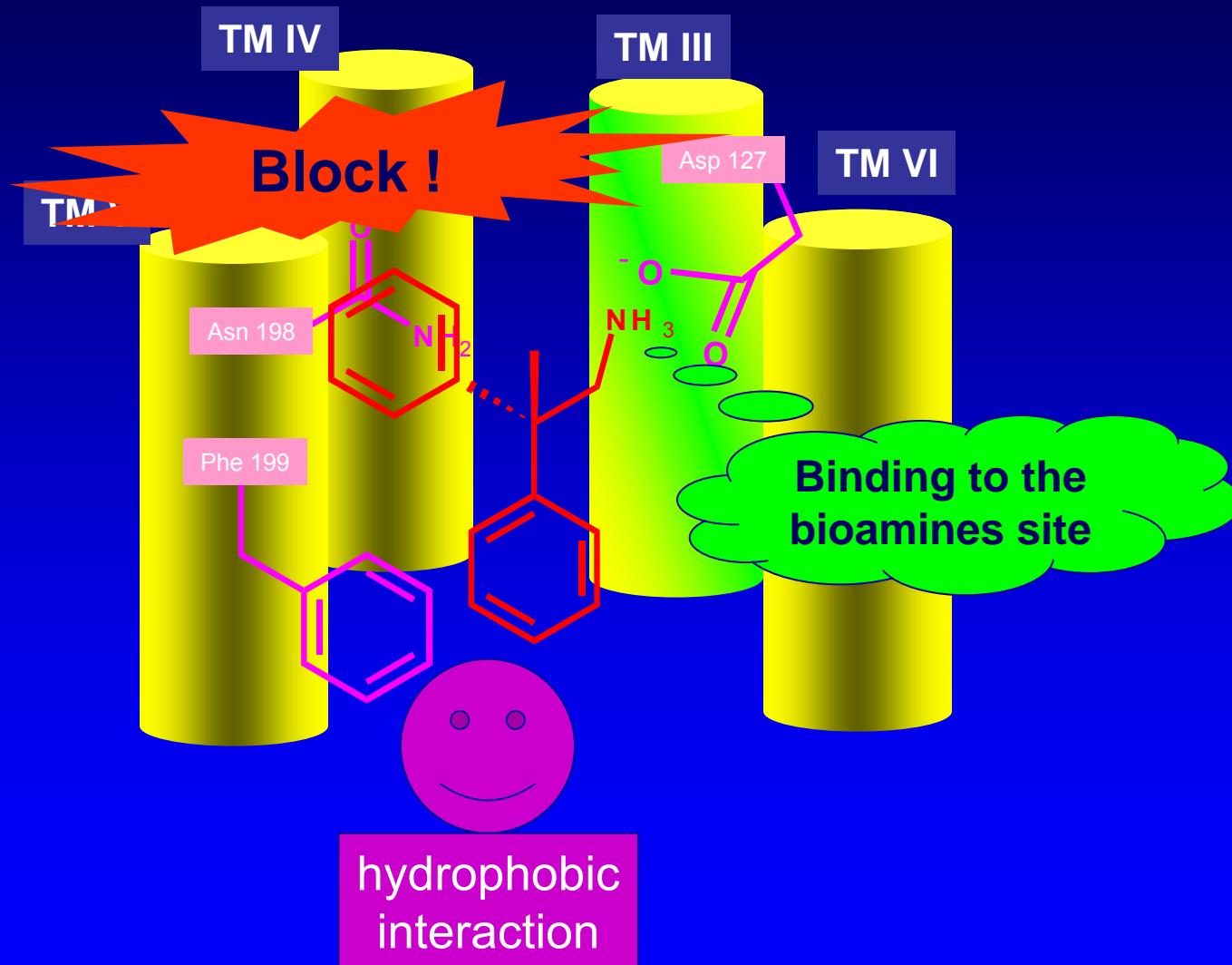
Binding of histamine to H1 receptor



Binding of an antagonist ...



Binding of an antagonist ...



Une famille d'antagonistes H1....

Nom DCI

- alimémazine
- prométhazine
- dimenhydrinate
- diphenhydramine
- dexchlrorphéniramine
- ciproheptadine
- dimétindène
- méclozine
- cetirizine
- loratadine
- fexofenadine

nom commercial en Belgique *

- THERALENE
PHENERGAN
PARANAUSINE / VAGOMIN
BENYLIN
POLARAMINE
PERIACTIN
FENISTIL
AGYRAX / POSTAFENE
ZYRTEC / REACTINE /
CLARITINE / SANELOR
TELFAST

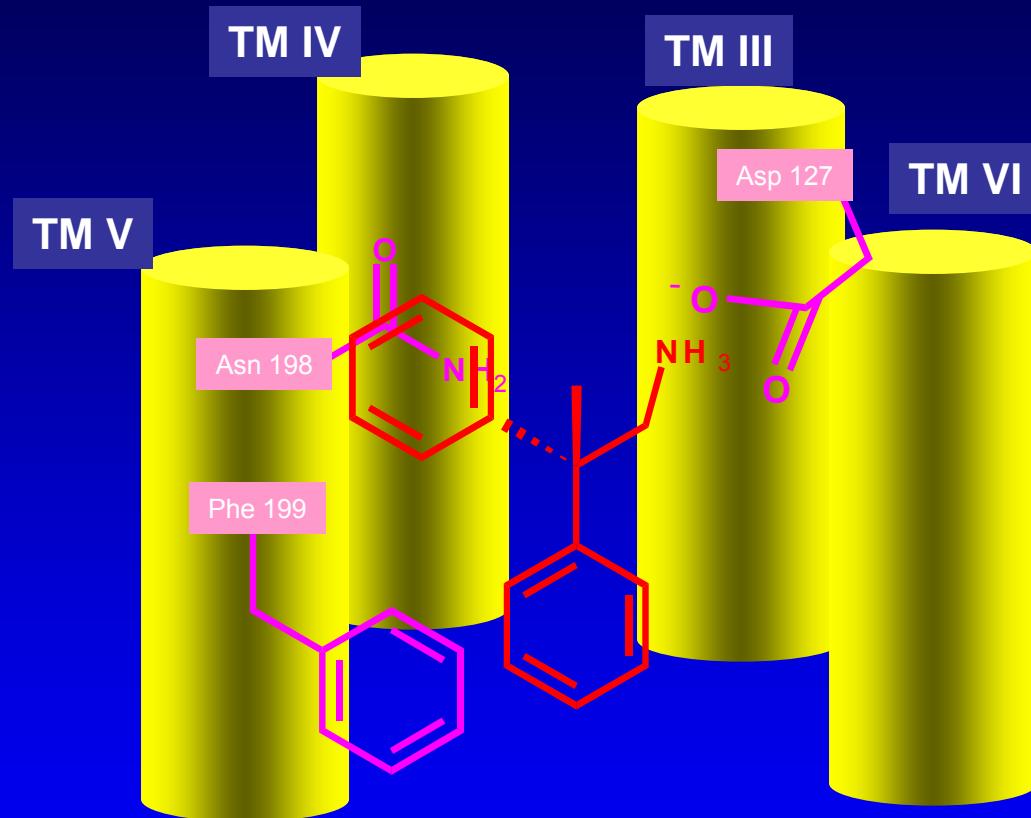
et plus récemment

- lévocetirizine
- desloratadine

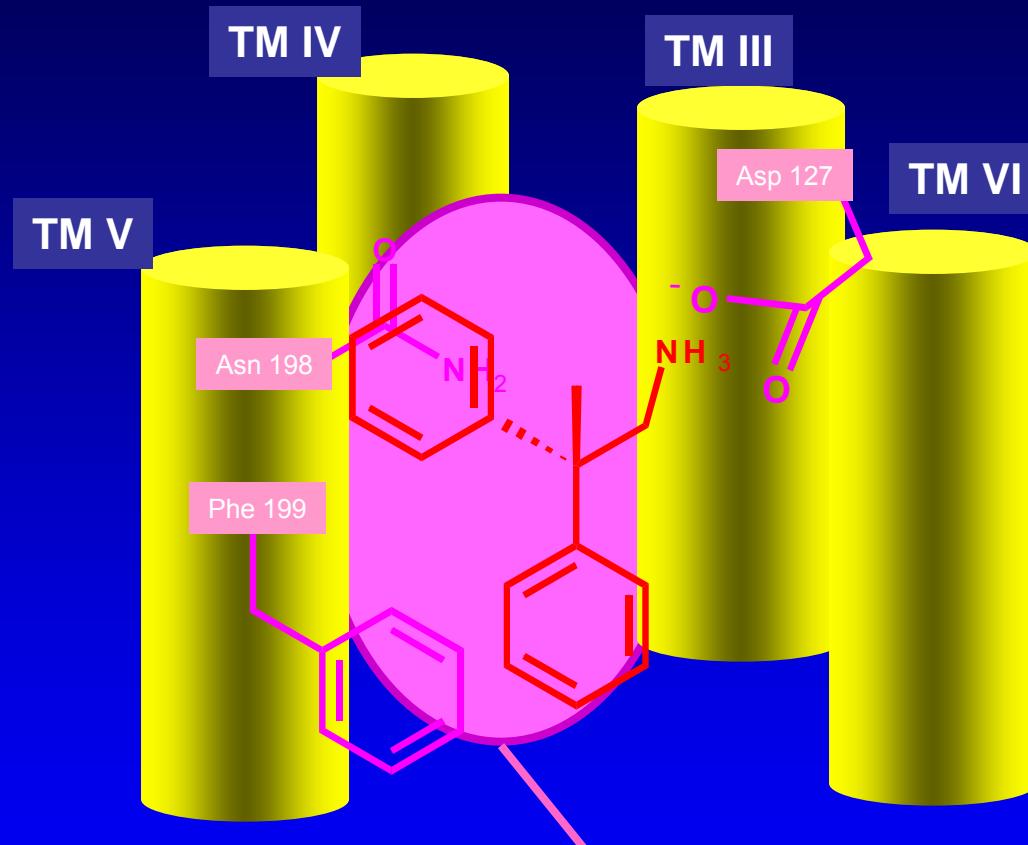
XYZAL
AERIUS

* liste non limitative...

Binding of an antagonist: what can you modify ?

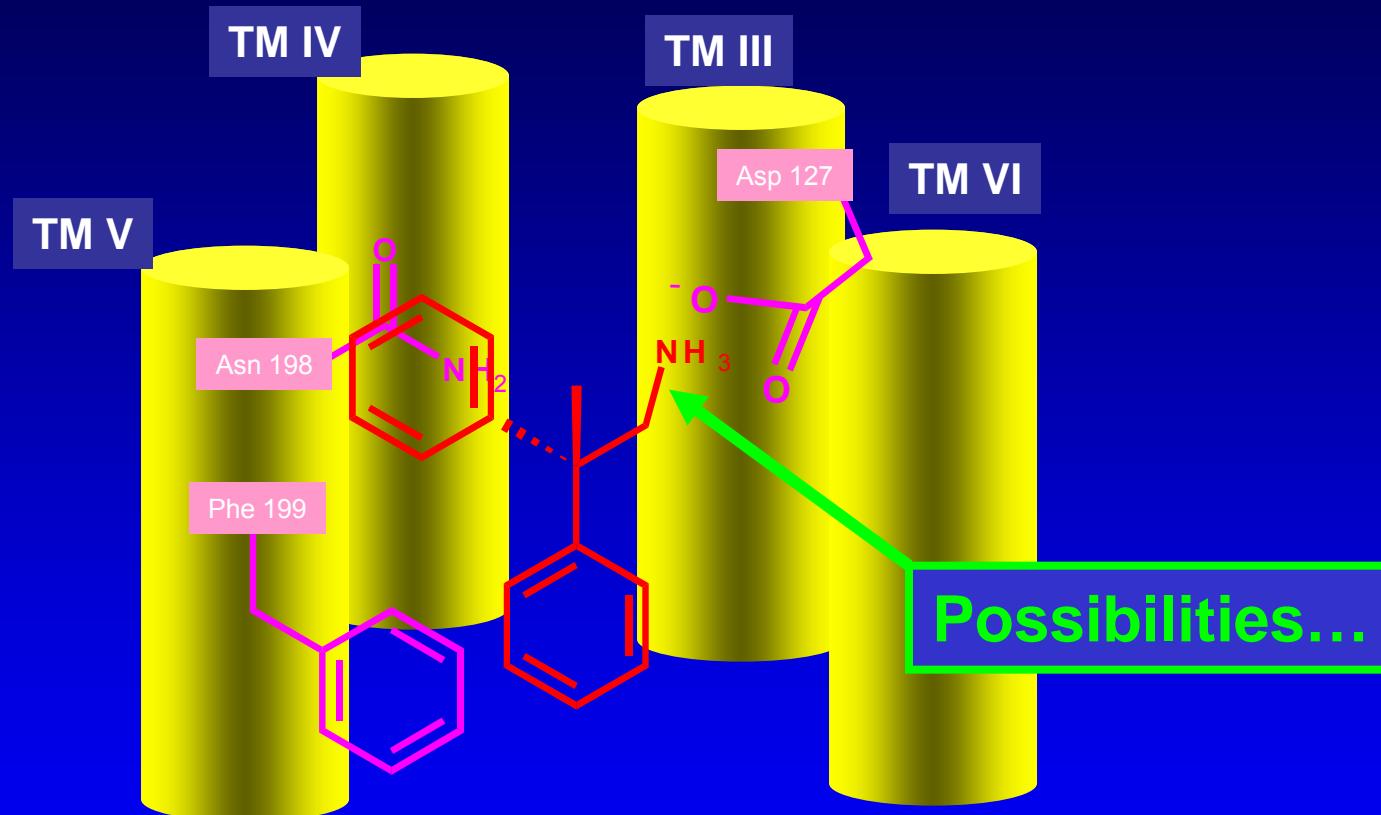


Binding of an antagonist: what can you modify ?



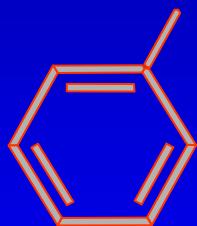
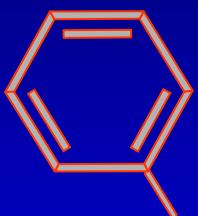
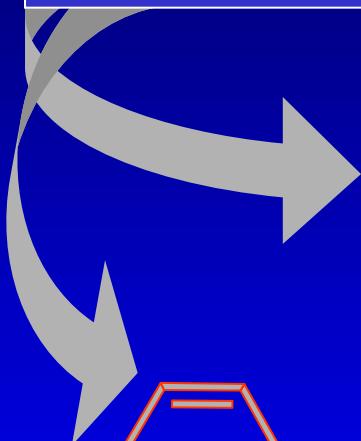
Not much, or very little here ...

Binding of an antagonist: what can you modify ?

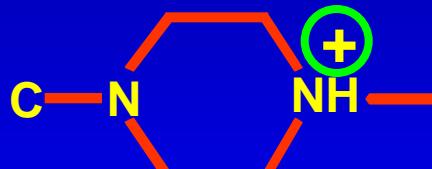


Variations among antihistamines....

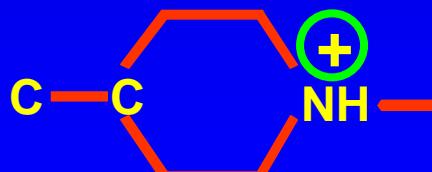
Modifications of
the amine pole



dialkyl



pipérazine



pipéridine

Dimenhydrinate
Diphenhydramine
Dexchlorpheniramine

Buclizine
Meclozine
Cétirizine

Loratadine
Terfenadine
Ebastine

The ideal antihistaminic drug for the treatment of allergy

What is your "wish list" ?

- Low sedation activity *
- No or little anticholinergic effects **
- Getting a rapid and prolonged action ***

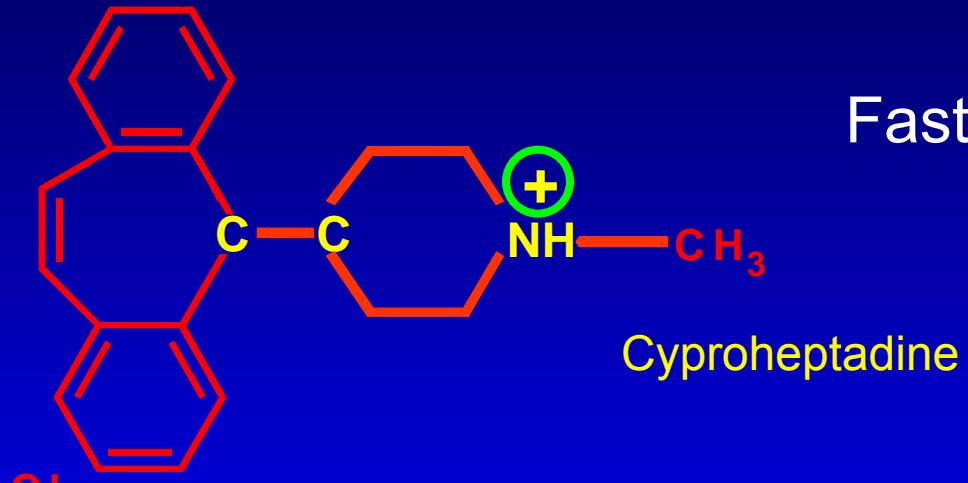
* most "old" antihistamines make you fall asleep...

** because their structure is reminiscent of atropine

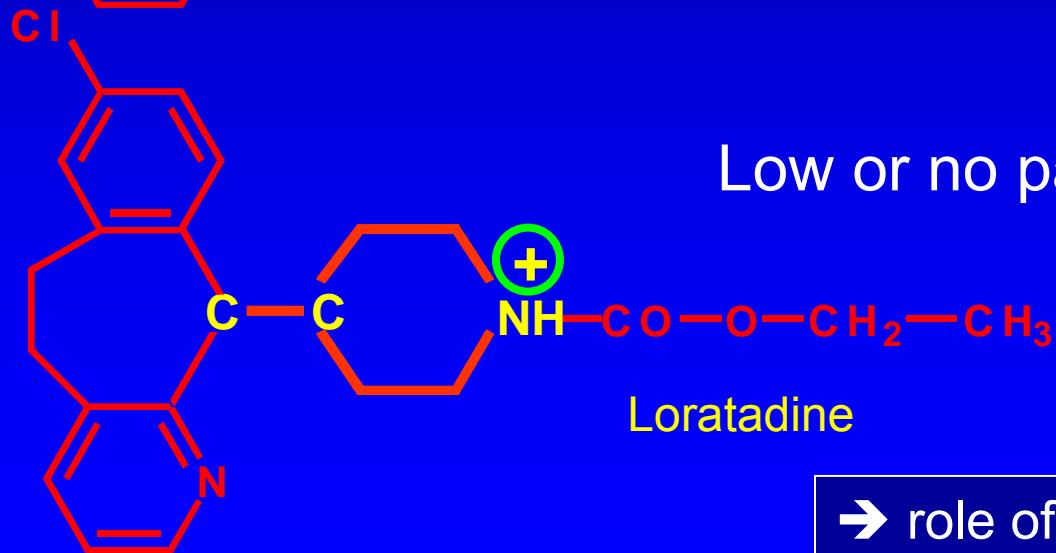
*** I want a fast relief, and not needing taking pills every hour...

Low sedation activity ...

→ Modulation of the hematoencephalic barrier passage...



Fast and important passage



Low or no passage

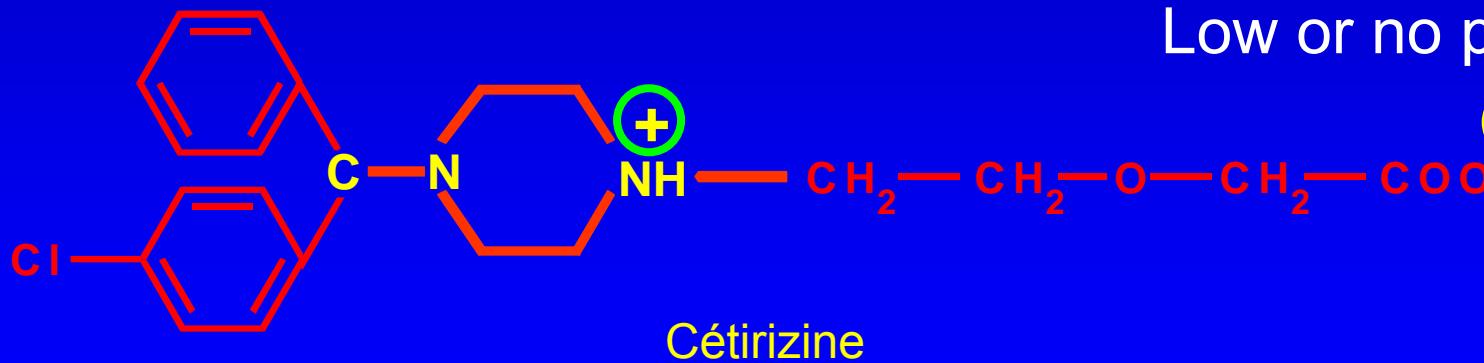
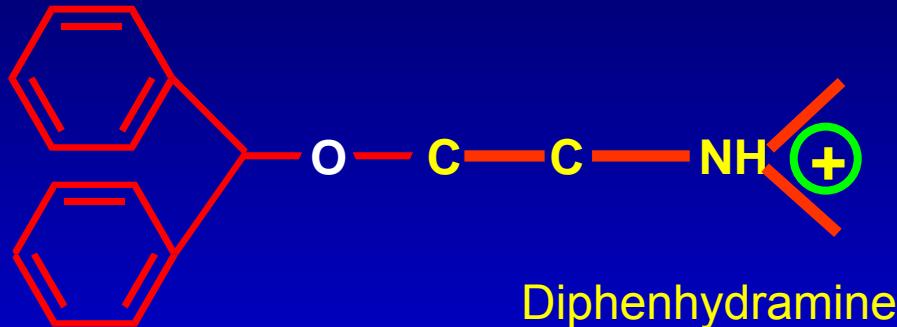


→ role of the side-chain...

Low sedation activity ...

Another example...

Important passage



Low or no passage



→ role of the length and of the polarity of the side-chain

Molécules à passage hémato-méningé important et causant de la sédation ...

Nom DCI	sédation	OTC
alimémazine	+++	oui (partiel.)
prométhazine	+++	oui
dimenhydrinate	+++	oui
	+++	oui
diphenhydramine	+++	oui
<hr/>		
oxomémazine	++	non
dexchlorphéniramine	++	oui
ciproheptadine	++	oui
<hr/>		
dimétindène	+	oui
méclozine	+	oui
	+	oui

The antihistaminic and the sedative actions of the "old" antihistaminics go side by side

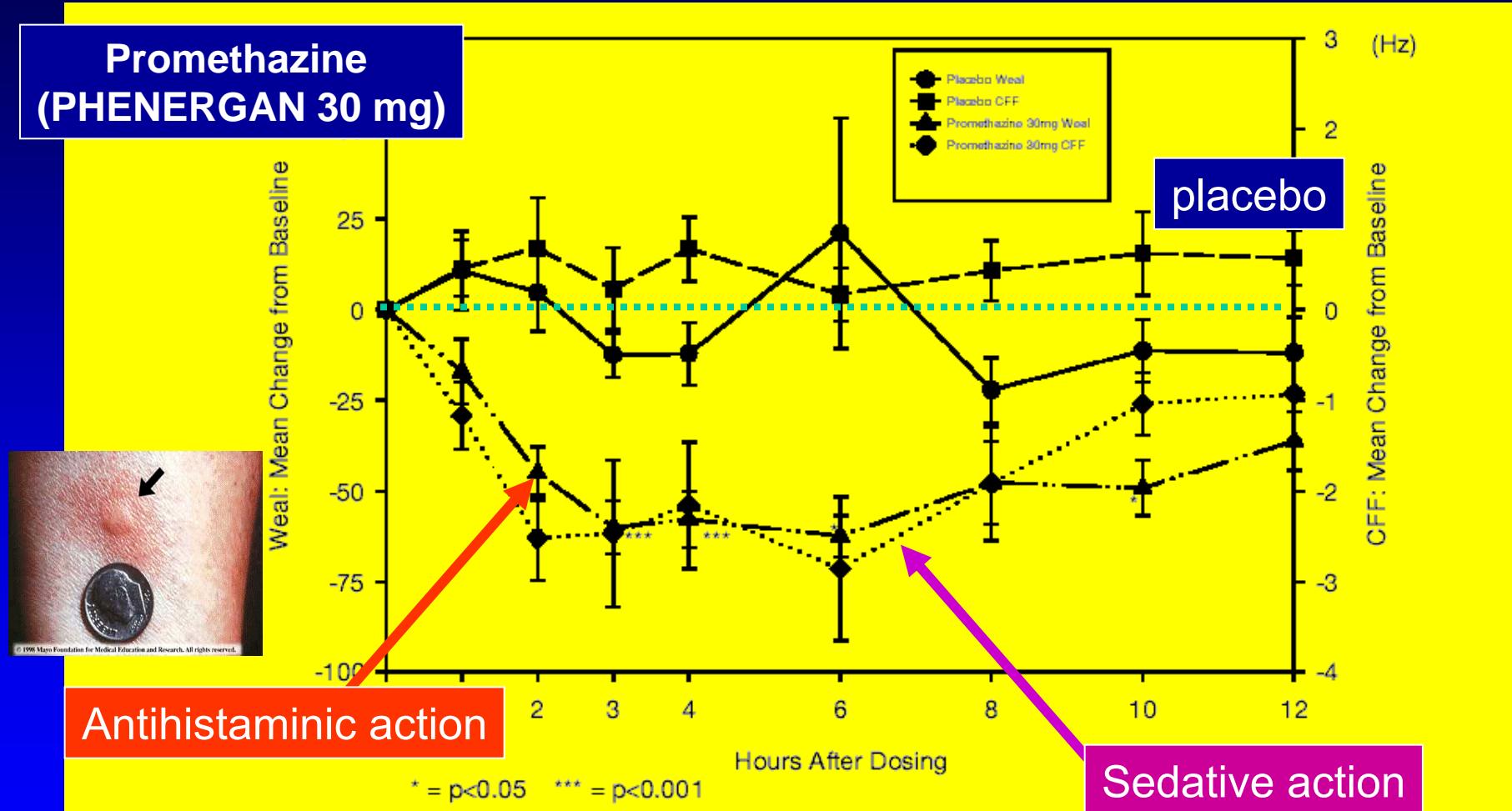


Figure 3. Change from baseline: peripheral antihistaminic suppression (weal) with respect to CFF threshold: acute dose promethazine 30 mg, day 1

Hindmarch et al., Curr. Med. Res. Opin., 17:241-255, 2001

First molecules with low level of passage through the hemato-encephalic barrier

- astémisole
- terfénadine



withdrawn because of cardiac toxicity
Torsades de pointe !!!

- fexofénadine

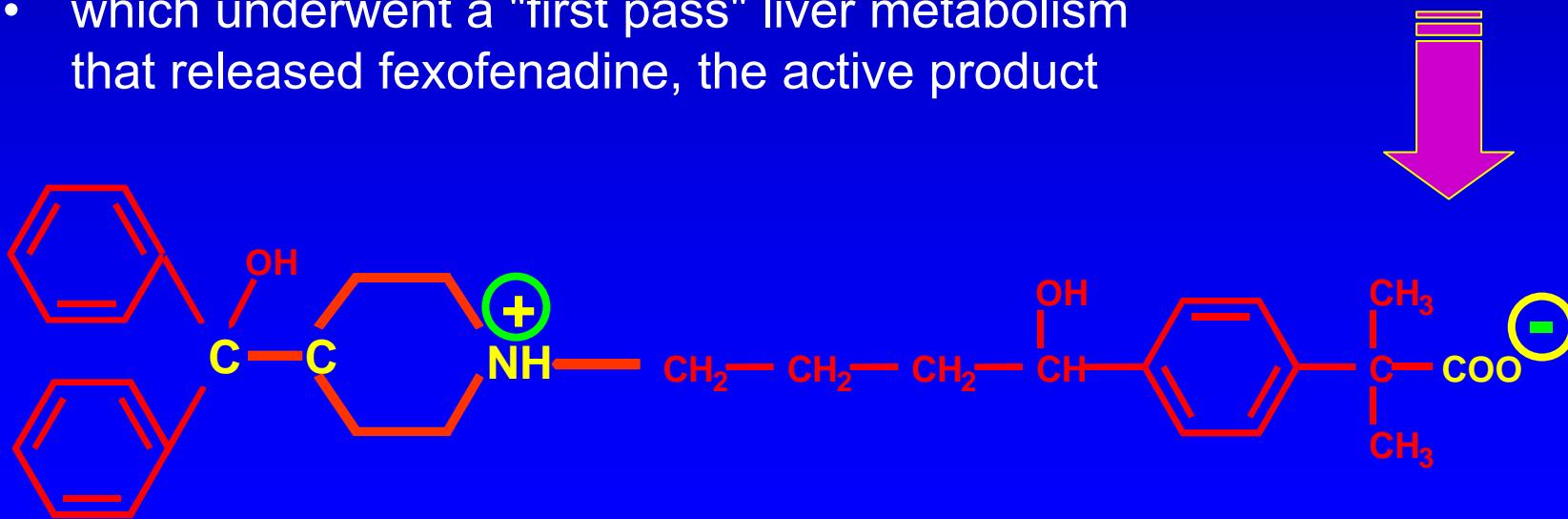
Active metabolite of terfenadine

The problem of terfenadine...

- terfenadine was a pro-drug

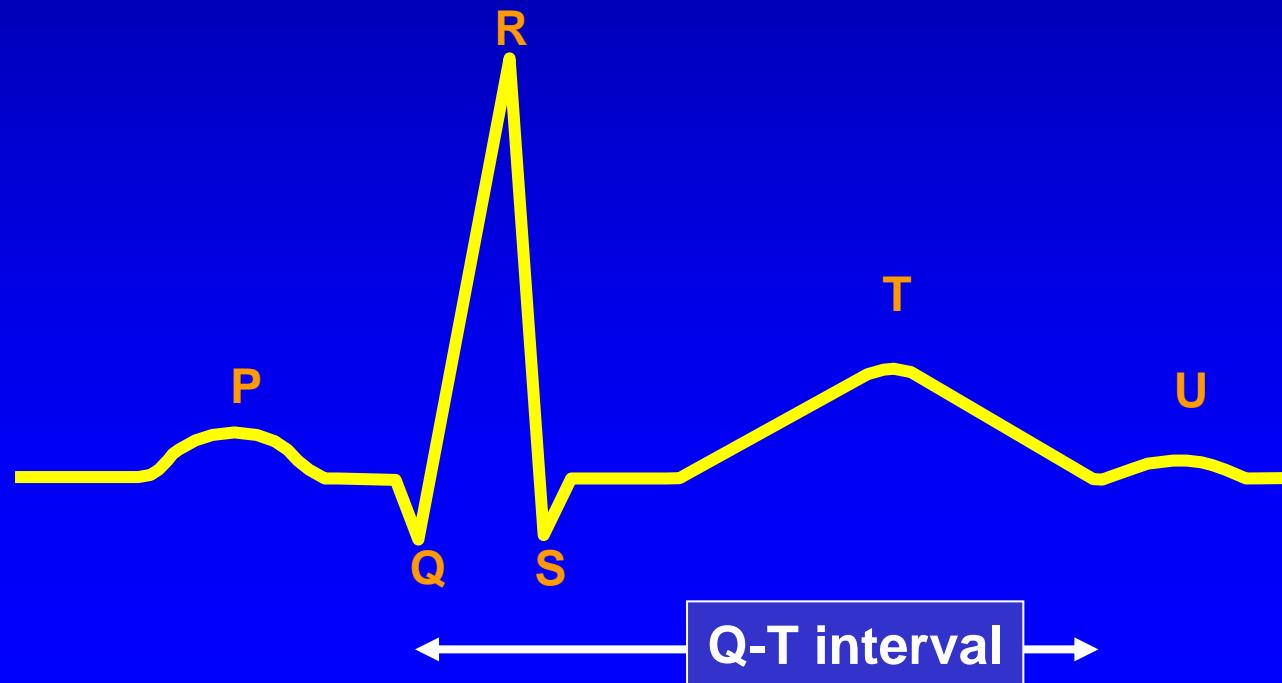


- which underwent a "first pass" liver metabolism that released fexofenadine, the active product

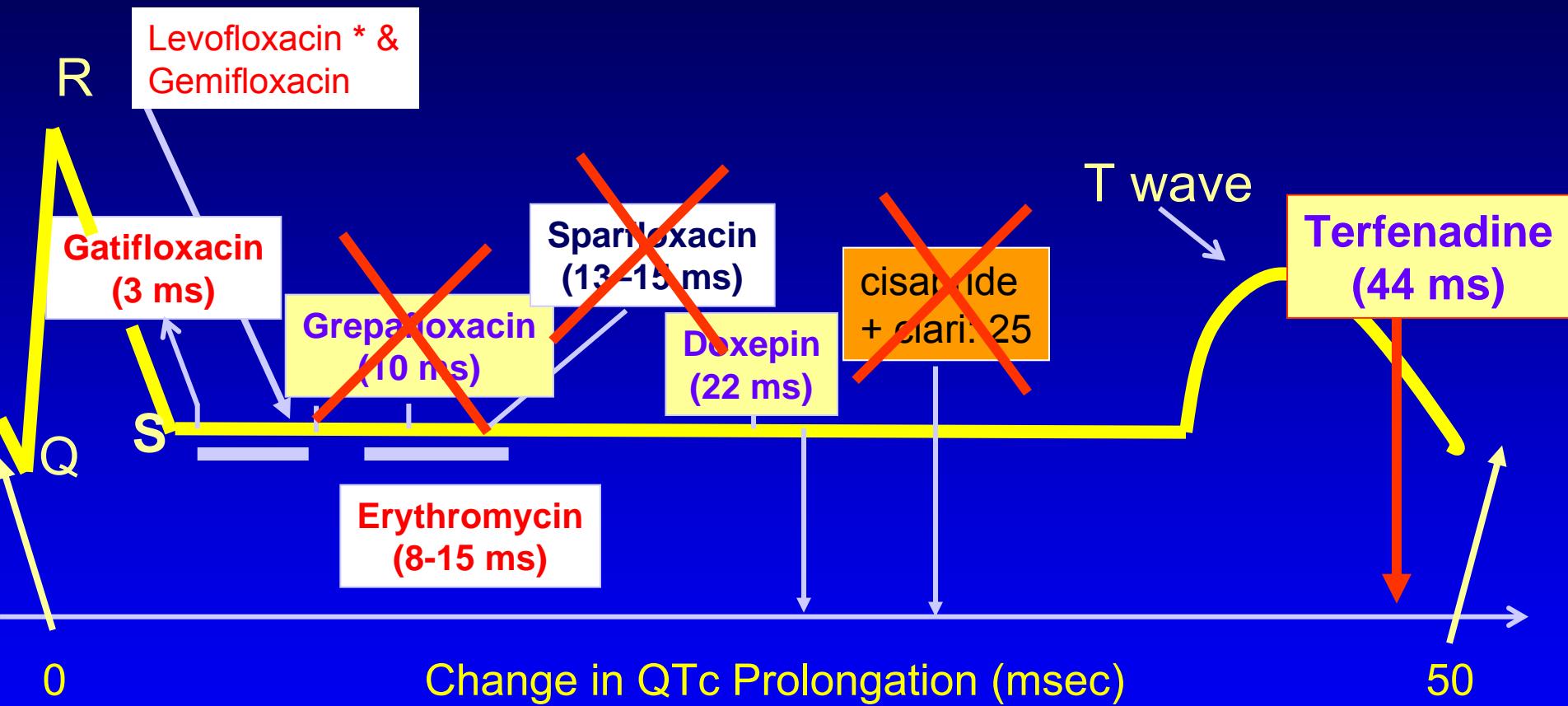


Le problème de la terfénadine ...

- si la terfénadine circule, elle provoque un allongement de l'intervalle Q-T de l'électrocardiogramme pouvant mener à des arythmies mortelles ...



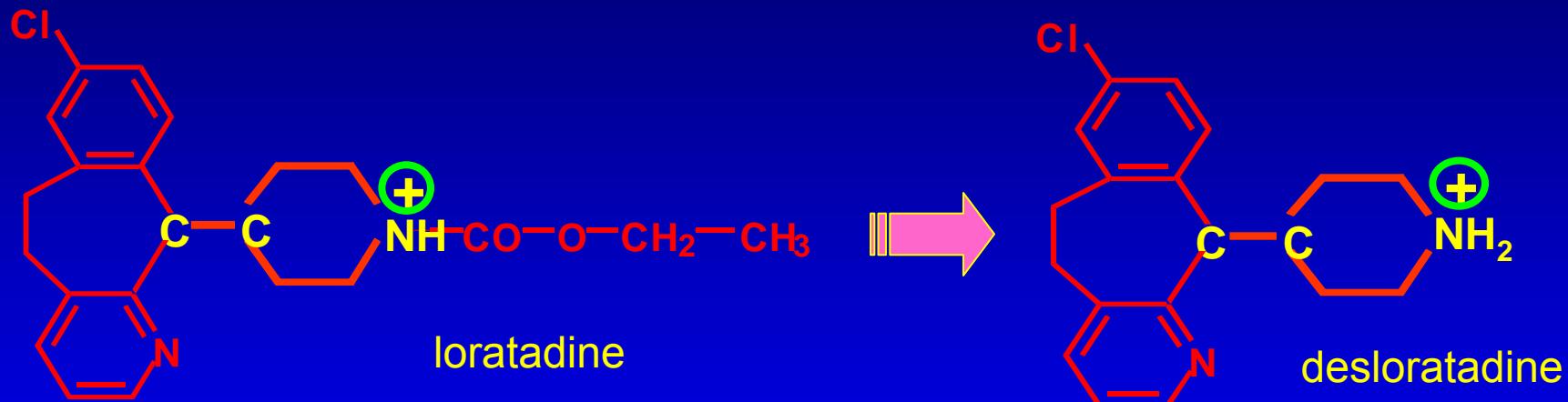
Le problème de la terfénadine ...



Adapted from Oberg and Bauman, 1995; Baker et al, 1997; van Haarst et al, 1998.

Molecules with a weak hemato-encephalic passage ...

- loratadine must be metabolized into desloratadine



- ebastin
- cetirizine not very sedative and acting as such

Dissociation of the antihistaminic and the sedative activities

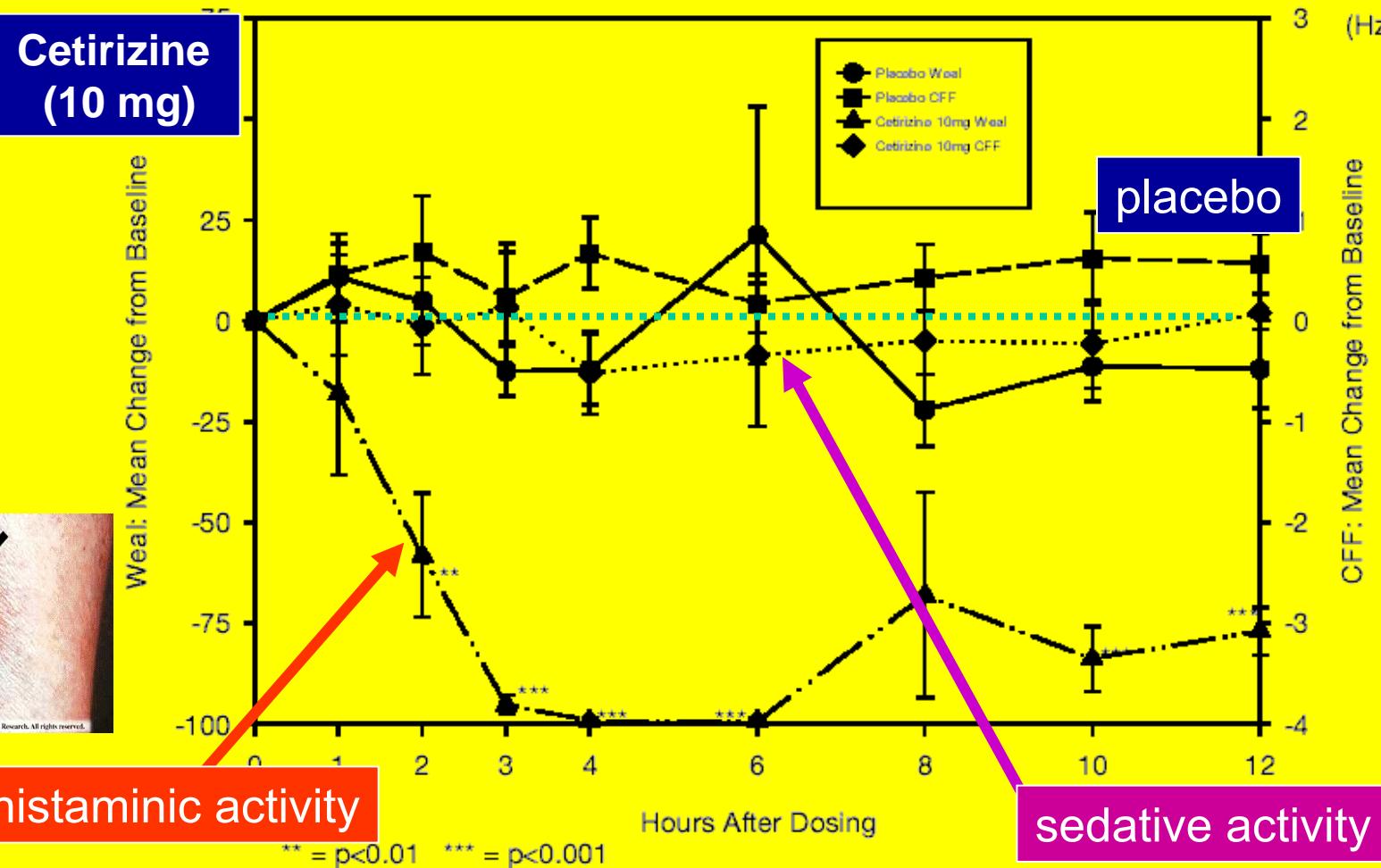


Figure 5. Change from baseline: peripheral antihistaminic suppression (weal) with respect to CFF threshold: acute dose cetirizine 10mg, day 1

Hindmarch et al., Curr. Med. Res. Opin., 17:241-255, 2001

Dissociation des activités antihistaminique et sédative ...

Mais, attention:



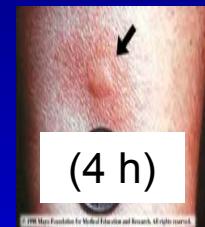
tout est une question de dose...

Dissociation des activités antihistaminique et sédative ...

Mais, attention,
tout est une question de dose...

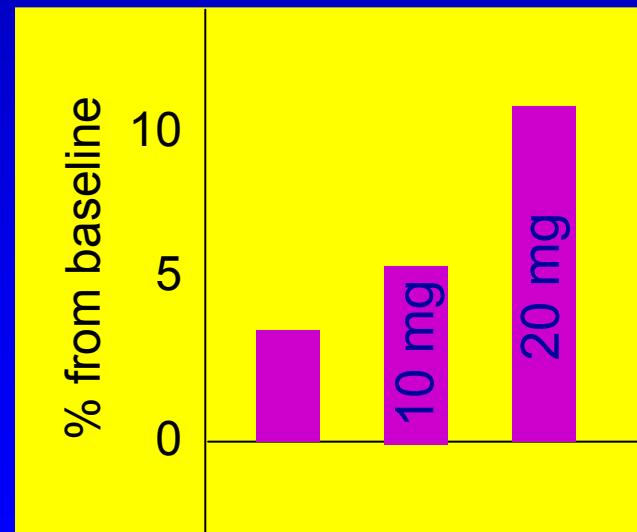
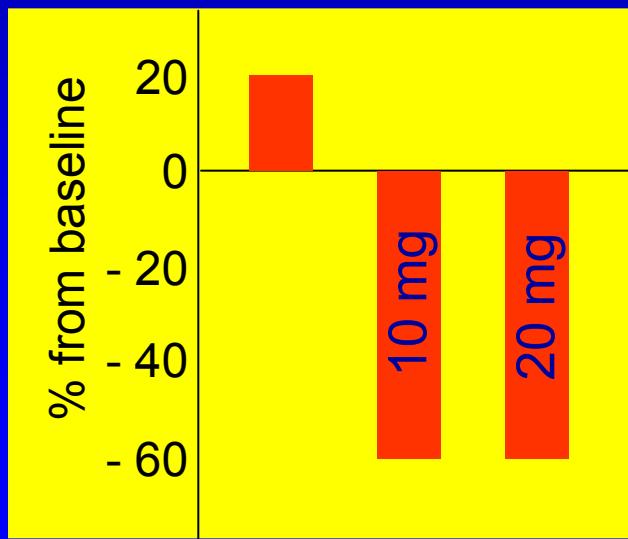
Activité antihistaminique

placebo cétirizine



Activité sédative

placebo cétirizine



Adapté de Sannita et al., Eur. J. Pharmacol. 300: 33-42, 1996

L' antihistaminique H1 idéal dans le traitement de l'allergie....

Cahier de charges

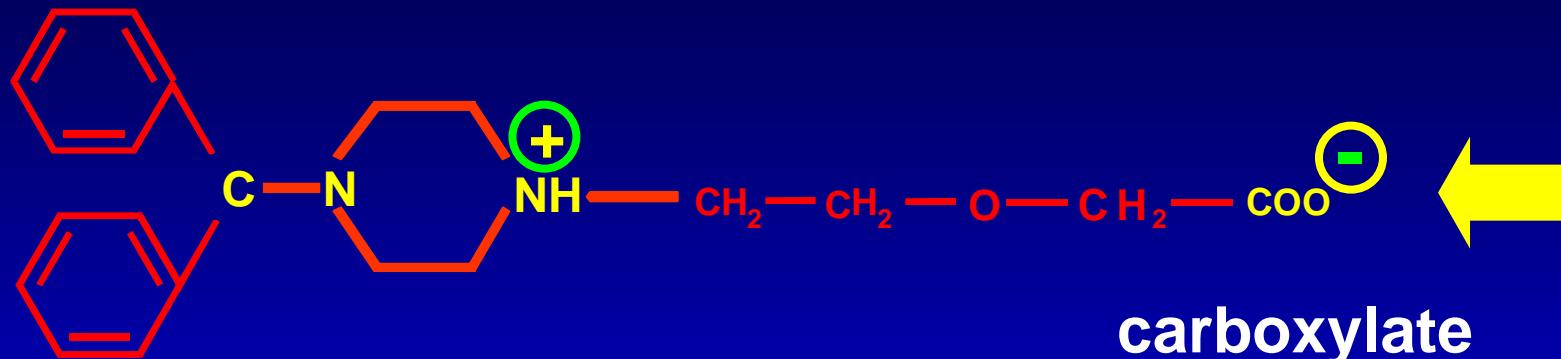
- Pouvoir de sédation faible
- **Eviter les effets anticholinergiques**
 - élevé à moyen pour les anciennes molécules
→ troubles de la vue, rétention urinaire ...
 - faible à nul pour les nouvelles molécules
(loratadine,fexofénadine, cétirizine)
- Obtenir une action rapide et prolongée

L' antihistaminique H1 idéal dans le traitement de l'allergie....

Cahier de charges

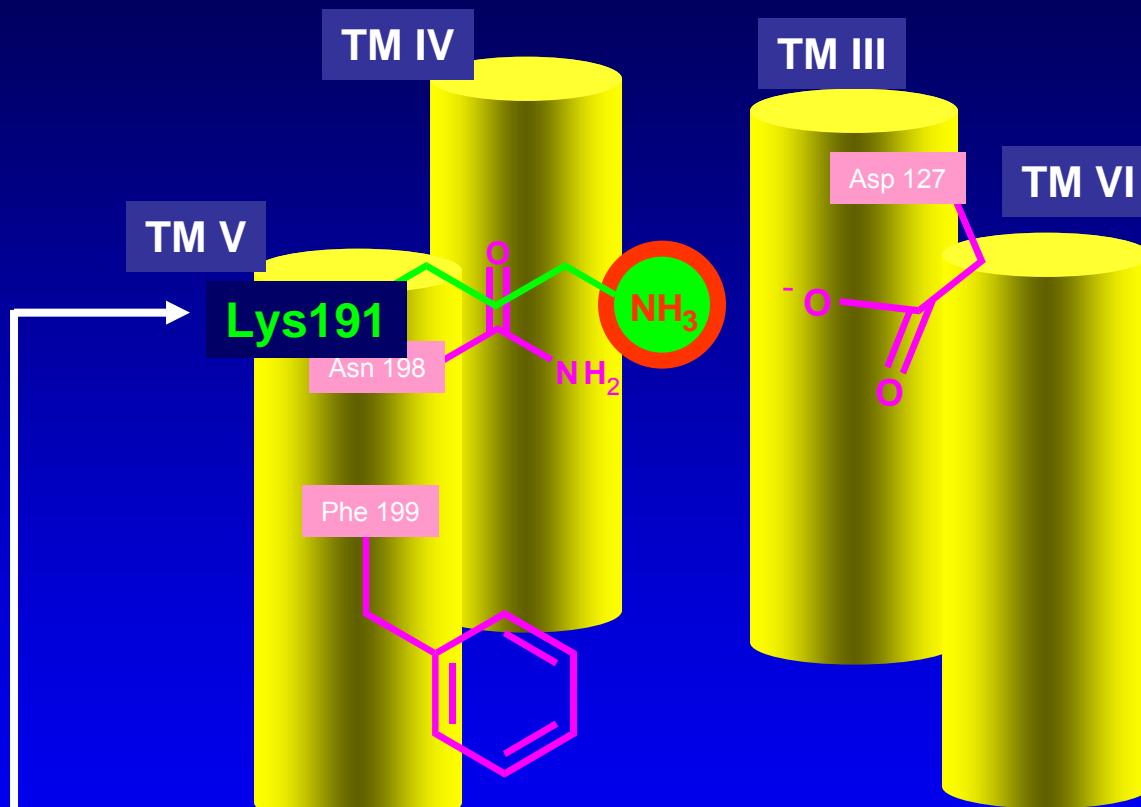
- Pouvoir de sédation faible
- Eviter les effets anticholinergiques
- **Obtenir une action rapide et prolongée**

Propriétés moléculaires de la cétirizine



- action directe car pas de nécessité de métabolisme activateur (>< terfénadine, loratadine...)
- pas ou peu de passage de la barrière hémato méningée
- **longue durée d'occupation du récepteur ...**

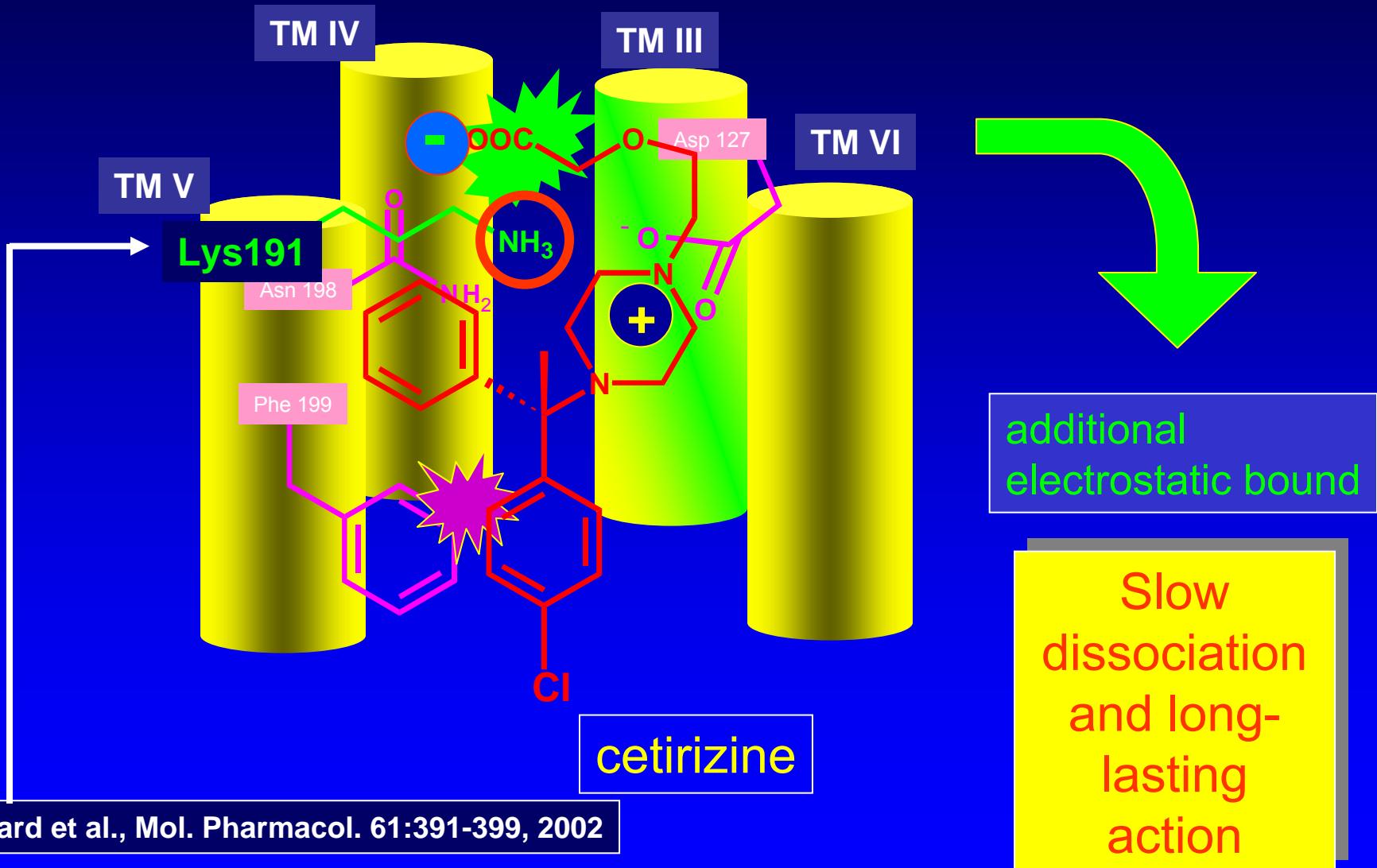
Binding of an H₁ antagonist to the receptor...



Presence
of a lysine
in position 191

Gillard et al., Mol. Pharmacol. 61:391-399, 2002

Slow release of an antagonist ...



Prolonged action ...

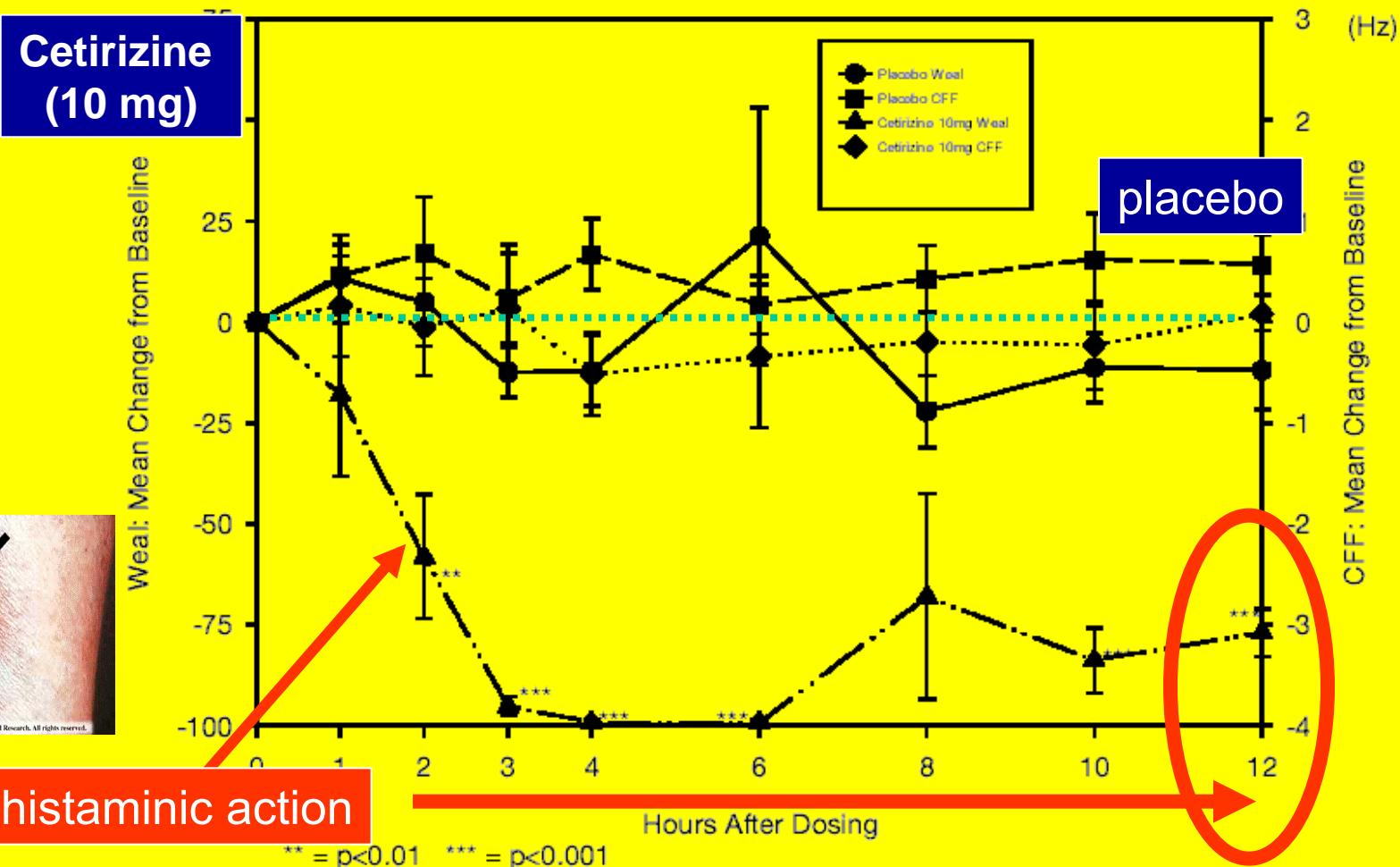
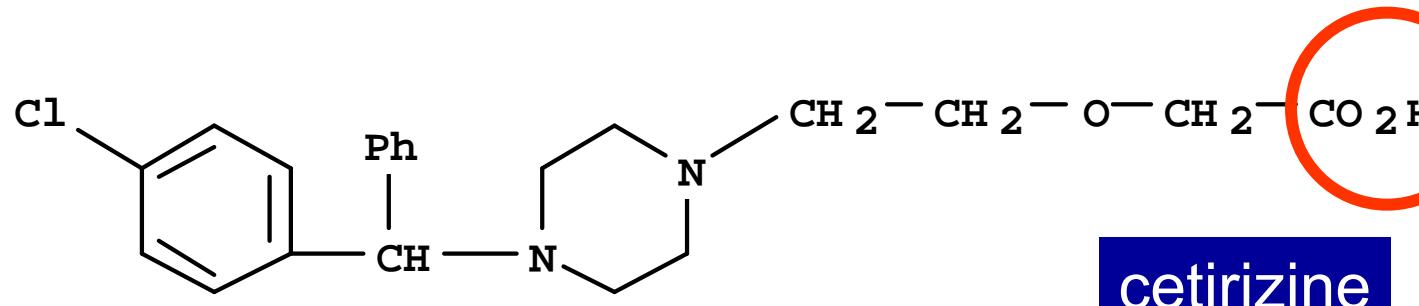


Figure 5. Change from baseline: peripheral antihistaminic suppression (weal) with respect to CFF threshold: acute dose cetirizine 10 mg, day 1

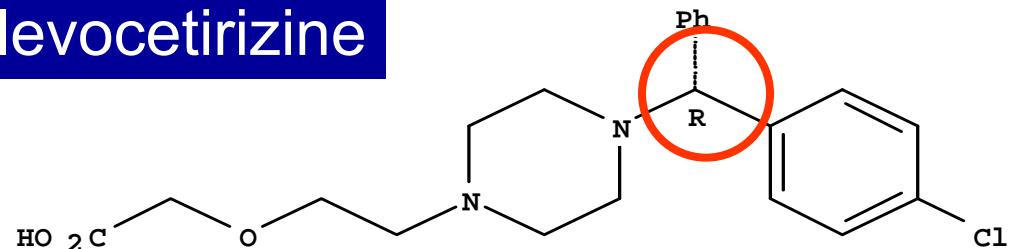
Hindmarch et al., Curr. Med. Res. Opin., 17:241-255, 2001

Cetirizine and levocetirizine....

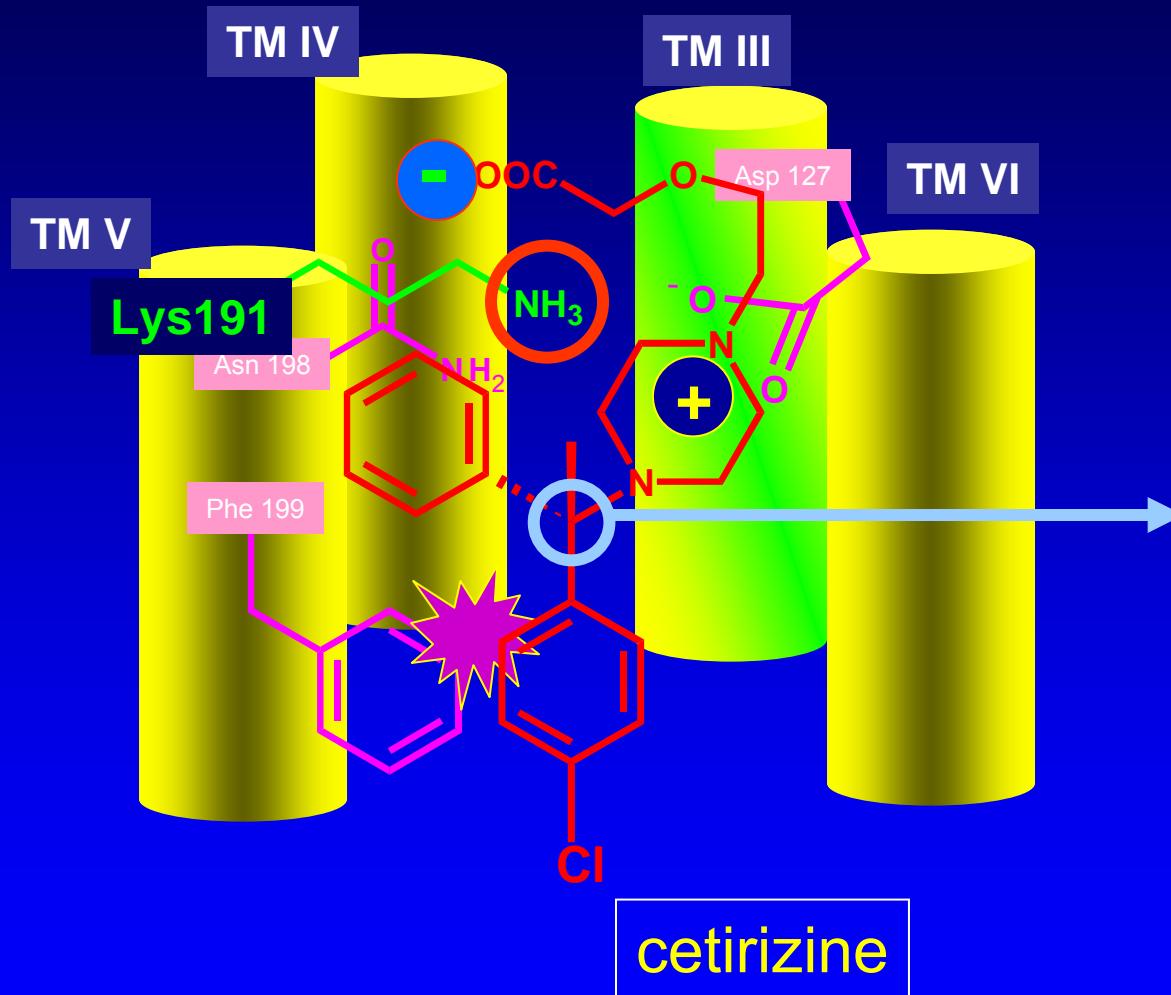


cetirizine

levocetirizine



Optic isomers and binding to the receptor ...



Do you speak English in Braine l'Alleud or Gosselies ?

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Binding Characteristics of Cetirizine and Levocetirizine to Human H₁ Histamine Receptors: Contribution of Lys¹⁹¹ and Thr¹⁹⁴

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Une longue histoire, mais ...

Sur base de ce que vous avez appris jusqu'ici, quel est, à votre avis, le conseil le plus essentiel à donner au patient lors de la délivrance d'un antihistaminique de type cétérizine, loratadine ...

- faire attention aux autres médicaments
- ne pas abuser du produit
(ne pas reprendre trop rapidement)
- attention à l'alcool !
- respecter la posologie
- attention à la somnolence

Et pour la suite ...

Sur quel point, selon vous, le pharmacien doit-il être particulièrement bien informé par la firme XXX à propos de YYY qui est en vente sans prescription ?

- les propriétés de base du produit
- les indications
- la posologie
- les effets indésirables
- les interactions médicamenteuses

Et pour la vraie suite ...

Quelle est la différence entre A et B ... ?

Cetirizine UCB (UCB)

[cétrizine dichlorhydrate]
compr. (séc.)
€ 20 x 10 mg
€ 40 x 10 mg

A

CS € 7,00
CS € 12,80

Cetirizine-Ratiopharm (Ratiopharm)

[cétrizine dichlorhydrate]
compr. (séc.)
€ 7 x 10 mg
€ 20 x 10 mg

Doccetiri (Docpharma)

cs €

Générique,
donc sans
supplément au
ticket
modérateur et
en catégorie
bon marché

Zytec (UCB)

[cétrizine dichlorhydrate]
compr. (séc.)
€ 7 x 10 mg
€ 20 x 10 mg
€ 40 x 10 mg
gttes
€ 20 ml 10 mg/1 ml
(1 ml = 20 gttes)
sol. (oral)
€ 200 ml 5 mg/5 ml

B

cs € 5,21
cs € 9,99
cs € 18,29

C Rx

cs €

Médicament
original avec
supplément au
ticket
modérateur,
donc **pas** en
catégorie *bon
marché*

Et pourquoi C est-il sous prescription ?

Et voyons les applications ...

